



# WELCOME

VIRTUAL MEETING WILL BEGIN AT

## 12:00pm Central

Society of American Military Engineers

Omaha Post

August 10<sup>th</sup> Meeting



# Omaha Post Meeting

**Society of American Military Engineers**

**Omaha Post**

**August 10<sup>th</sup>, 2023 Meeting**

# Meeting Agenda

- Pledge of Allegiance
- Invocation
- New Member/ Guest Introductions
- Lunch
- Announcements
- Membership Spotlight
- Presentation
- Q&A
- Split Kitty Drawing
- Closing Remarks

# Pledge of Allegiance



I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one Nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

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# Invocation

Please remain standing

## Introductions

- Welcome to New Members
- Introduction of Guests



# Lunch

Dismiss by table

# Announcements

- **September General Membership Meeting**
  - ▶ September 14, 2023 @ Field Club
  - ▶ Topic: Hurricane Fiona impact, Scott Perkins
- **October Membership Meeting**
  - ▶ October 10, 2023 @ Field Club
  - ▶ Topic: Solar Energy



## **Volunteers needed**

- Committees: Programs, Registration, Industry Day, Resilience, Service Members and Veterans Outreach, Communications
- SMP Mentors

## Post Leadership Workshop

- Omaha Post Representatives:
  - ▶ Karlus Cozart, Brec Wilshusen, and Chris Artz
  - ▶ Will back brief at next BOD meeting

# Announcements

- Maj. Gen. Michael Wehr, P.E., USA (Ret.) officially installed as New Executive Director of SAME.

# Membership Spotlight



**TETRA TECH**

# TETRA TECH SNAPSHOT

WORKS IN  
**100+**  
COUNTRIES

  
**7**  
CONTINENTS

Publicly traded  
on NASDAQ as



**\$4.5 billion**  
ANNUAL REVENUE

WORKS ON  
**100,000**  
PROJECTS  
ANNUALLY


**550** OFFICES  
WORLDWIDE



## ENRRANKINGS

#1	Water
#1	Environmental Management
#1	Water Treatment/Desalination
#1	Wind Power
#1	Hydro Plants

**22,000** CLIENTS

**27,000** EMPLOYEES  


# Tetra Tech Delta Technologies



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Cloud computing, cybersecurity, and software development



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## Tetra.Simulate

Scenario analysis, modeling, forecasting, risk, and impact analysis



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# Presentation

## **CMMC in the Wild**



# CMMC Brief by SAME Resilience Community of Interest

Presented by Lori Jackson, CISSP, CCP, CMMC RP  
President, White Raven Security, LLC

## Federal Contract Information (FCI)

- Data that is generated by or for the Government under a contract
- Not intended for public release
- Defined in FAR 52.204-21
- CMMC Level 1 – Basic Cyber Hygiene (17 NIST controls)

*If it's not marked for public  
release, consider it FCI  
(at a minimum)*

## Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)

- Data that is not classified, but still requires safeguarding
  - A loss or compromise could have a serious adverse effect on mission or national security
- Defined by The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)
- Identifying and properly labeling CUI
- CMMC Level 2 – NIST SP 800-171 (110 Controls)

### DoD CUI Registry

Organizational Index Grouping	CUI Categories	Category Abbreviations	Authorities
Defense	Controlled Technical Information	CTI	48 CFR 252.204-7012
	DoD Critical Infrastructure Security Information	DCRIT	10 USC 130e

## *Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems.*

- Outlines minimum safeguarding measures required for Federal Contract Information (FCI)
- Requires flow-down to subcontractors if they will also handle FCI
- CMMC Level 1 maps to these requirements

## *Safeguarding Covered Defense Information and Cyber Incident Reporting*

- Requires contractors and subcontractors to provide adequate security of CUI as it is stored or transmitted through their internal information systems
- Sets a deadline to comply with all 110 controls in the NIST SP 800-171 by December 31, 2017
- Mandates cyber incident reporting guidelines
- How to handle malicious actions (software/analysis/etc)
- Holding subcontractors accountable
- Requirements for cloud service providers

- Evaluate company's compliance with NIST SP 800-171
- Assessment based on NIST SP 800-171A
- Uses a scoring methodology
- 3 assessment levels, each assigned a confidence level
  - Basic (self-assessment = Low confidence)
  - Medium (self-assessment + DoD assessment = Medium confidence)
  - High (self-assessment + DoD assessment + on-site verification = High confidence)
- Develop a System Security Plan to document NIST SP 800-171 compliance and a Plan of Action and Milestones for implementing each outstanding requirement



## *Protecting Controlled Unclassified Information in Nonfederal Systems and Organizations*

- Based on NIST SP 800-53r5
- System Security Plan (SSP)
- Plan of Action and Milestones (PoAM)
- 110 controls in 14 families
  - Access Control
  - Awareness and Training
  - Audit and Accountability
  - Configuration Management
  - Identification and Authentication
  - Incident Response
  - Maintenance
  - Media Protection
  - Personnel Security
  - Physical Protection
  - Risk Assessment
  - Security Assessment
  - System and Communications Protection
  - System and Information Integrity

- DFARS interim rule change (DFARS Case 2019–D041) went into effect on November 30, 2020
- Purpose: remedy poor cybersecurity protections within the DIB
  - 252.204-7019: requires contractors to **complete a DoD Assessment** at least every three years and prior to contract award; and submit a score to the SPRS system.
  - 252.204-7020: requires contractors to **allow the government access to their facility**, systems, and personnel in order to conduct a Medium or High Assessment. Requires Primes to ensure their subcontractors have a proper and current assessment on file.
  - 252.204-7021: requires contractors have a CMMC level equivalent to the sensitivity of the information expected on the contract and maintain that level of compliance for the duration of the contract.



- DFARS 252.204-2021: The first CMMC rule
  - 800+ public comments, led to CMMC version 2.0
- CMMC Version 2.0
  - Level realignment (CMMC aligns solely with NIST SP 800-171)
  - Self-assessment and attestation
  - Allowed PoAMs (with caveats)
  - Level 2 “bifurcation”
- July 28, 2023: DoD submitted a proposed rule to OMB Office of Information and Legislative Affairs
  - Expected to amend Title 32 (48 CFR will be amended after 32 CFR)
  - Expected to be a proposed rule with a 60-day public comment period.

- The DoD expects cybersecurity to become a core pillar - like quality and safety
- *Most* contractors will need to be certified by a 3rd party assessor in order to work on any DoD contract
- Framework aligns with NIST Special Publication 800-171 (110 security controls)



<b>CMMC Model 2.0</b>		<b>Model</b>	<b>Assessment</b>
<b>LEVEL 3</b> Expert	<b>110+</b> practices based on NIST SP 800-172	Triennial government-led assessments	
<b>LEVEL 2</b> Advanced	<b>110</b> practices aligned with NIST SP 800-171	Triennial third-party assessments for critical national security information; Annual self-assess- ment for select programs	
<b>LEVEL 1</b> Foundational	<b>17</b> practices	Annual self-assessment	

# A Path Forward for Small and Medium Businesses





*“Failure to have or to make progress on a plan to implement NIST SP 800-171 requirements may be considered a material breach of contract requirements. Remedies for such a breach may include: withholding progress payments; foregoing remaining contract options; and potentially terminating the contract in part or in whole.”*

- Contractual Remedies to Ensure Contractor Compliance with Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement Clause 252.204-7012, June 2022

- Look for DFARS 252.204-7012 in your contract or subcontract agreements
- Avoid CUI if possible
  - No CUI = CMMC Level 1
  - CUI = CMMC Level 2 (and potentially a 3<sup>rd</sup> party assessment)
- Examine your supply chain – if subconsultants will handle CUI, flow-down the requirements

## **Action Items:**

- ✓ Review all contracts
- ✓ Determine your CMMC level goal (do you already have a NIST requirement?)
- ✓ Determine the data your subs will handle

- Determine all the devices that are connected to your network, as well as software installed
- Unmanaged or unknown devices or software can be an entry point into your system
- Remember that any device that you don't control should not contain company or government data (this includes personal devices)

## Action Items:

- ✓ Develop an asset inventory
- ✓ Keep it up-to-date
- ✓ Prevent or manage the use of personal devices



-CIS Critical Security Controls, v8

- Inventory the data you have – where might you have CUI?
- Understand how the data flows and who can access it
- Have a plan for how you'll dispose of devices with old data

## Action Items:

- ✓ Create a data management process
- ✓ Develop a data inventory
- ✓ Create a data flow diagram



-CIS Critical Security Controls, v8



- Understand the boundaries around and within your network
- Compare that with your data flow diagram to understand where data resides and where it flows
- Determine if CUI can be segmented away from the whole system – a smaller surface area is easier to protect

## **Action Items:**

- ✓ Develop a network diagram
- ✓ Identify where your data flows
- ✓ Narrow your scope, if possible

- Follow the DoD Assessment Methodology and assess your system
- Determine which controls you are meeting and where you have gaps
- Gather evidence as you go
- This can be a daunting task; hire help if you need it

## **Action Items:**

- ✓ Score yourself against NIST SP 800-171
- ✓ Develop a System Security Plan
- ✓ Create a Plan of Action and Milestones for the controls you have not implemented

- Now that you know your gaps, what risks do they pose?
- Is your company frequently targeted with phishing emails?
- Determine your risks based on how you conduct business.
- Identify potential threats, how they might impact the business, and how you could remediate them.

## **Action Items:**

- ✓ Conduct a risk assessment
- ✓ Develop a plan to remediate risks

- Documentation is the first thing an assessor will ask for
- Be sure you can follow your own documentation
- Make employees aware of the documents/rules that pertain to them
- Use documentation to monitor your systems and progress, and update when necessary

## **Action Items:**

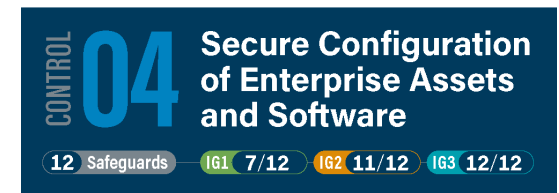
- ✓ Document your processes
- ✓ Maintain a repository of vendor agreements – responsibility matrix
- ✓ Develop policies and procedures to address security controls

# Updates are Important

- Be sure that all devices and software are updated when new patches are released
- Sign up for alerts from manufacturers, software vendors, and CISA
- Use your inventory to guide when and what updates are necessary

## Action Items:

- ✓ Sign up for alerts
- ✓ Keep your inventory up-to-date
- ✓ Develop a process for updating hardware and software



-CIS Critical Security Controls, v8

# Meeting Close

- Split Kitty Drawing
- PDHs available from the Omaha Post Website